

We tested your/your child's blood at XXXX to measure the amount of G6PD in the blood on dd/mm/yyyy.

Your/your child's blood does not have enough G6PD. G6PD test result: XX

You/your child may have a higher risk of severe anemia when you take certain medications or eat certain foods. Severe anemia is where a person does not have enough red blood cells or the red blood cells are not working well.

Possible risk factors:

- Medicines (listed on back)
- Foods including fava beans, legumes, soya, bitter melon, and red wine

Seek care from a health provider if you/your child experience(s) the following symptoms:

- Dark urine or blood in urine
- Yellowing of skin and eyes
- Shortness of breathe
- Weakness/dizziness

Stop taking medication if you/your child experience(s) these symptoms. Drink fluids to prevent dehydration.

This gentle man/lady has:

Glucose-6-Phosphate Dehydrogenase Deficiency (G6PD deficiency)

**The gentle man/lady is (*circle one*):**    **deficient**        **intermediate**

This condition was diagnosed at Jimma University on dd/mm/yyyy

The following treatment MAY cause acute haemolysis for this patient.

Dapsone	Primaquine	Cotrimoxazole
Nitrofurantoin		Sulphadrugs
Ciprofloxacin		Chloramphenicol
Norfloxacin		Asprin

If the patient gets Acute Haemolysis stop the treatment

Give a lot of oral fluids to prevent dehydration and the chance of kidney failure